

Voltimum Webinar



# Cable Fire Safety – Making the Right Choice

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**Cable Fire Safety –  
Making the Right  
Choice**

# Agenda

- + Europacable
  - + Scope of webinar - typical relevant applications
  - + Cable and material types - PVC and LSHF materials
  - + Historic fires and their impact on regulations
  - + Effects of smoke - visibility, toxicity, escape, firefighting
  - + Fire propagation - PVC and LSHF cables - CPR classifications
  - + Economic benefits of using LSHF cables
  - + Environmental Impact of LFH vs PVC Cables
  - + Durability of LSHF vs PVC Cables
  - + Local regulations for the use of LSHF Cables
  - + Summary and Conclusion
-

## Introducing Europacable

The voice of Europe's leading wire and cable manufacturers

### Member Companies & Partners



### National Associations



### Associated Industry Partners



# Introducing Europacable

What we do

 <p><b>We empower Europe's decarbonisation</b></p>		 <p><b>We connect Europe's digitalisation</b></p>	
 <p><b>We make Europe safer</b></p>	 <p><b>Fire Safety is our Responsibility</b> <i>Yours Too</i></p> <p><small>All cables used in any type of building are subject to the Construction Products Regulation (CPR). Learn about your responsibilities on fire safety and how to comply</small></p>	 <p><b>We make Europe sustainable</b></p>	

# Scope of Typical Applications

## + **Public buildings**

- + Schools, hospitals, shopping centres, hotels, cinemas, theatres

## + **Residential buildings**

- + Apartment blocks, care homes, student accommodation
- + *Not specifically covered: single occupancy houses and other similar dwellings*

## + **Transport infrastructure**

- + Railway stations, metro stations, airports, tunnels

## + **High-risk installations**

- + Data centres, industrial control rooms, power plants
-

# Scope of Cable Applications

- + **Higher densities of cables**
    - + Multiple cables, exposed to fire
  - + **Power distribution**
    - + Supplies to buildings, distribution within buildings
  - + **Final circuit wiring**
    - + Cables supplying sockets, equipment, lighting
  - + **Communications cables**
    - + Metallic and optical fibre network cables, control cables
-

# Material Types

## + **PVC - Polyvinyl Chloride**

- + Sheathing / jacket
- + Insulation
- + Whole cable: compliant with single flame test EN 60332-1-2

## + **LSHF - Low Smoke Halogen Free**

- + Sheathing / jacket and insulation
  - + May be called LSH, LSF, OHLS, OHLS, LSZH, and other terms
  - + Compliant with acidic gases tests on insulation and sheathing materials
  - + Whole cable: compliant with smoke emission test EN 61034-2
  - + Whole cable: compliant with single flame test EN 60332-1-2
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# Historic Fires and Regulatory Changes

+ **King's Cross Station Fire (1987, UK)**

31 fatalities

Fire started by a lit match on a wooden escalator

Highlighted need for safer materials in public spaces

+ **Mont Blanc Tunnel Fire (1999, France/Italy)**

39 deaths

Led to stricter regulations for tunnels and underground stations

Emphasized use of LSHF cables

+ **Grenfell Tower Fire (2017, UK)**

72 deaths

Exposed shortcomings in construction practices and fire safety standards

+ **Dusseldorf Airport Fire (1996, Germany)**

17 fatalities

Fire started by hot work spreading to insulation

PVC and other cables became involved

+ **Notre-Dame Cathedral Fire (2019, France)**

No fatalities

Historic building loss



# Smoke Emission

- + LSHF Cables
  - Emit lower levels of smoke
  - Maintain visibility during a fire
  - Reduce risk of smoke inhalation
  - Important for evacuation scenarios
- + PVC Cables
  - Produce significant amount of dense smoke
  - Reduced visibility during a fire
  - Could hinder evacuation efforts
  - Could hinder firefighting efforts



# Effects of Smoke

## + **Visibility**

- + Ability of occupants to see easily

## + **Toxicity**

- + Components of smoke have detrimental effects on occupants

## + **Ability to Escape**

- + Combination of visibility and toxicity can reduce ability to escape

## + **Ease of rescue / firefighting**

- + Fire brigades may be hindered and delayed
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# Visibility

- + Challenges for Occupants / Visitors
  - Difficult to identify exits / signs
  - Unfamiliar buildings
  - Smoke may enter escape routes
- + Challenges for Emergency Responders
  - Navigation of the building becomes difficult



# Advantages of LSHF Cables for Visibility

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- + Reduced Smoke Production  
LSHF cables produce significantly less smoke compared to PVC cables  
Smoke is light grey and less dense
- + Improved Light Transmittance  
Better visibility in affected areas  
Helps occupants locate exits quickly
- + Enhanced Safety During Evacuation  
Reduces panic and promotes orderly evacuations  
Critical for safe and timely evacuation
- + Support for Emergency Responders  
Improved visibility aids firefighters
- + Significant Impact on Fire Safety

# Effects of Smoke Toxicity

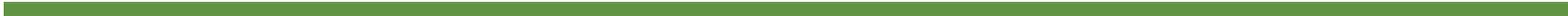
- + Components of smoke - gases
    - + Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, nitrogen oxides, hydrogen chloride, hydrogen cyanide, formaldehyde, VOCs, etc.
  - + Immediate Coughing and Eye Watering
    - + Breathing smoke may cause a number of immediate respiratory effects
    - + Slows down escape, disorientation, debilitation
  - + Medium term effects
    - + Poisoning effects of carbon monoxide and similar components
  - + Medical treatment needed
    - + Almost all affected by smoke will need prompt medical treatment
-

# Effects of Corrosivity

- + Acidic gases are not just bad for health
  - + Corrosive effect on electronics and related equipment
    - + Acidic gases (HCl etc.) dissolve readily in moisture or water
    - + Acidic moisture can attack sensitive electronic parts and joints
    - + Devices and equipment may no longer function
    - + Devices and equipment may have shorter lifespans
    - + Cleaning of devices and equipment is difficult
  - + Interruption to normal operations
    - + Services such as data centres may be taken offline for long periods
-

# Fire Propagation

- + **PVC cables**
  - + Generally perform well for basic fire spread
- + **LSHF cables**
  - + Generally perform better than PVC cables for fire spread
- + **CPR Classification**
  - + CPR provides designers with additional information and choice
- + **Fire engineering**
  - + Fire brigades may be hindered and delayed





## **Benefits of LSHF Flame Retardant Cables**

- + Reduced fire propagation
- + Reduced smoke production
- + Lower toxicity

# Economic Impact of LSHF Cables

- + Reduced impact on health and safety
    - + Reduced fatalities and injuries
  - + Reduced damage and business interruption
    - + Acidic gases can have detrimental effects on equipment
    - + Minimise recovery time after a fire
  - + Offers better risk rating
    - + As part of a risk management programme
    - + Better risk profile can attract lower insurance premiums
  - + Long term investment
    - + Recurrent savings over the life of the facility
    - + Prepared for any increasing regulatory requirements
-

# Long-Term Cost Savings

- + Initial Cost Comparison  
LFH cables have a higher initial cost than PVC cables
- + Long-Term Savings  
Reduced risk of fire-related damage  
Lower insurance premiums
- + Risk Management  
LFH cables classified under CPR classification Cca  
Enhanced safety in fire situations
- + Financial Planning  
Businesses benefit from prioritizing long-term financial planning  
Significant cost savings over time



# Environmental and Corporate Responsibility

- + Importance of Corporate Responsibility
  - + Increasing significance in today's business landscape
  - + Commitment to sustainability
- + Reputation Enhancement
  - + Attracts environmentally conscious customers
  - + Potential financial incentives
- + Benefits of Choosing LSHF Cables
  - + Demonstrates environmental stewardship
  - + Ensures well-being of employees and customers
- + LSHF Cables vs PVC Cables
  - + LSHF cables do not contain or release harmful materials such as phthalates and dioxin



# Environmental Concerns with PVC Cables

- + Durability and Cost-effectiveness  
PVC cables are known for their durability  
They are flexible and cost-effective
  - + Environmental Concerns  
PVC contains halogens like chlorine  
Burning PVC releases toxic gases such as dioxins and hydrogen chloride  
Dioxins are highly toxic and can cause cancer and reproductive issues
  - + Non-biodegradable Nature  
PVC persists in the environment for a long time  
Disposal in landfills can leach harmful chemicals into soil and groundwater
  - + Production Hazards  
Production involves hazardous chemicals
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# Environmental Benefits of LSHF Cables

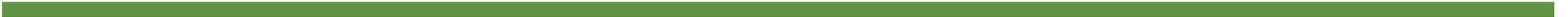
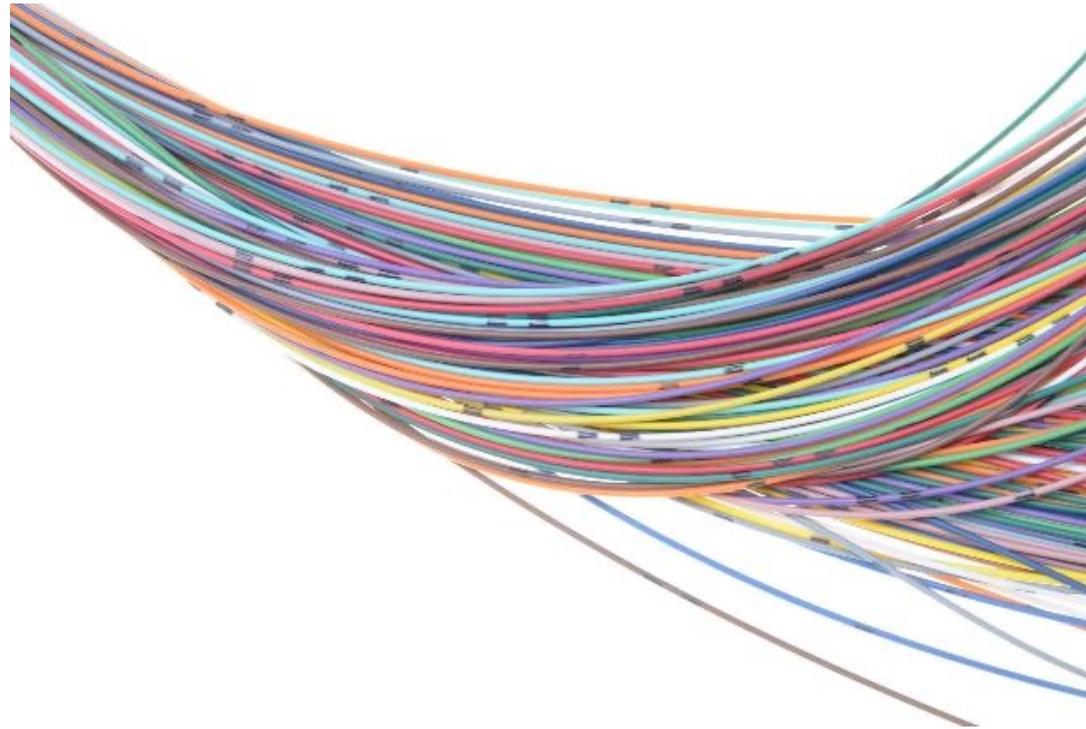
- + Environmental Impact
    - LSHF cables do not contain halogens
    - No toxic gases released when burned
  - + Safety Benefits
    - Safer for human health and the environment
    - Less smoke production during fire
    - No corrosive gases emitted
  - + Protection of Equipment
    - Reduces risk of damage to electronic equipment and infrastructure
  - + Lifecycle Impact
    - Do not contribute to formation of dioxins and other toxic substances
  - + Recycling and Reuse
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# Durability and Use

- + Local fire regulations
    - + Fire requirements are set locally around European countries
    - + Countries may reference particular CPR classifications – others may not
    - + Requirements are likely to be application specific
    - + Some regulations may set mandatory requirements
  - + Installation standards
    - + Installation standards (e.g., wiring codes) may recommend / specify
    - + Application-specific standards and guidance, e.g., hospitals, schools
    - + Recommendations / specifications may refer to CPR classifications
-

# Durability of PVC Cables

- + Resistant to moisture, chemicals, and UV radiation
- + Suitable for both indoor and many outdoor applications
- + Reliable in general use
- + Flexibility and mechanical stress resistance
- + Commonly used in industrial settings
- + Suitable for buried applications



# Durability of LSHF Cables

- + Highly durable but less flexible than PVC cables
  - + Designed with safety in mind
  - + Made from materials without halogens
  - + Produce less smoke and corrosive gases when exposed to fire
  - + Well-suited to indoor uses
  - + May not perform as well in extremely harsh environments
  - + Better reaction to fire and resistant to chemicals and mechanical stress
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# Local Regulations and LSHF Cables

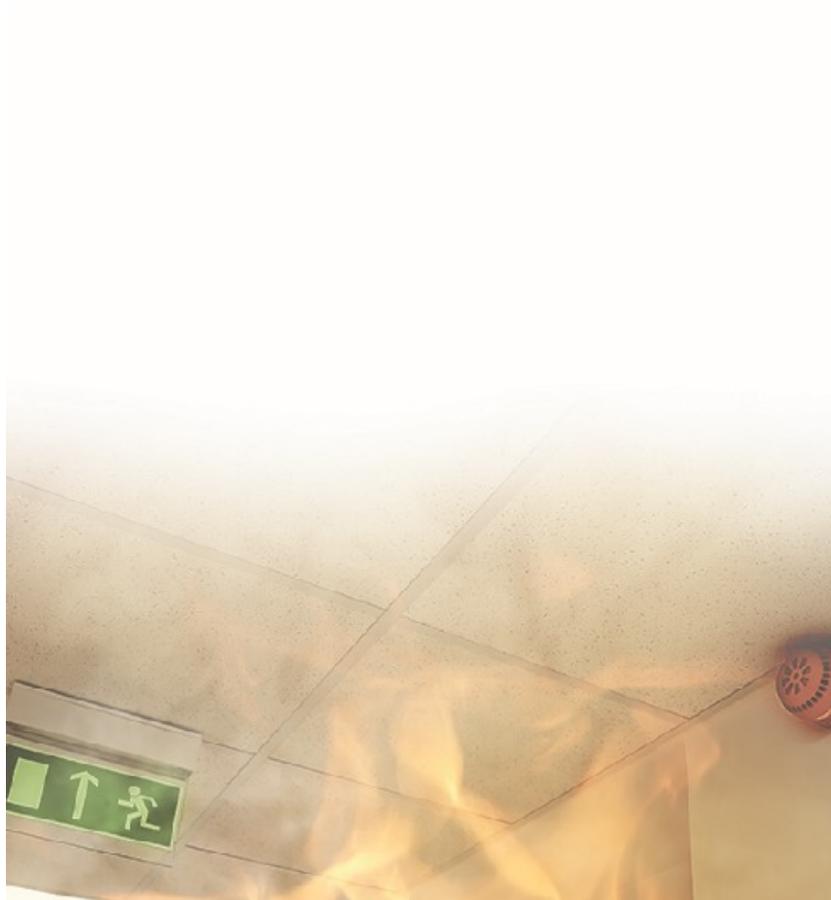
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# CPR Classifications and LSHF Cables

- + Classes B2ca and Cca - subclasses s1a, a1
    - + Higher classes steer specifiers towards LSHF cables
    - + Higher sub-classes for smoke and acid indicate LSHF cables
    - + PVC cables unlikely to be available with these classes
  - + Classes Dca and Eca
    - + PVC cables should achieve these classes
    - + Higher performing LSHF cables would also perform to these levels
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# Specific Applications Suited for LSHF Cables

- + Public Buildings
  - Schools, hospitals, airports, and shopping centres
  - Ensures minimal smoke and corrosive gas emissions during a fire
  - Facilitates safer evacuations
- + Residential Buildings
  - Recommended in multi-storey residential buildings
  - Enhances fire safety
  - Protects residents from smoke inhalation and corrosive gases
- + Transport Infrastructure
  - May be mandated in tunnels, underground stations, and other transport facilities
  - Ensures safety in confined spaces
- + High-Risk Areas



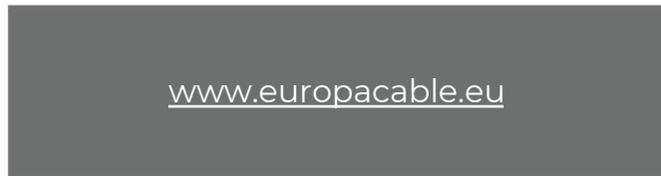
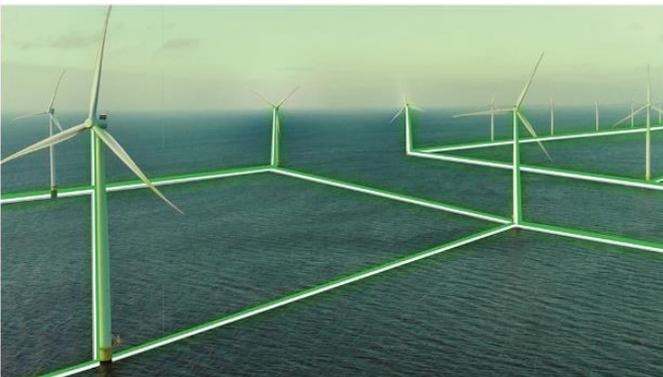
# Conclusions

- + Enhanced Safety Compliance
    - LSHF cables meet higher safety standards
    - Compliance with regulations can avoid fines and penalties
  - + Reduced Damage and Maintenance Costs
    - LSHF cables are more durable and require less frequent repairs
    - Lower long-term maintenance expenses
  - + Better Insurance Risk
    - Enhanced safety features reduce risk
    - Insurance companies offer lower premiums for safer installations
  - + Long-term Savings and Benefits
    - Initial investment is higher but offset by long-term savings
  - + Increased Adoption
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# Further Information

<https://cpr.europacable.eu>





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